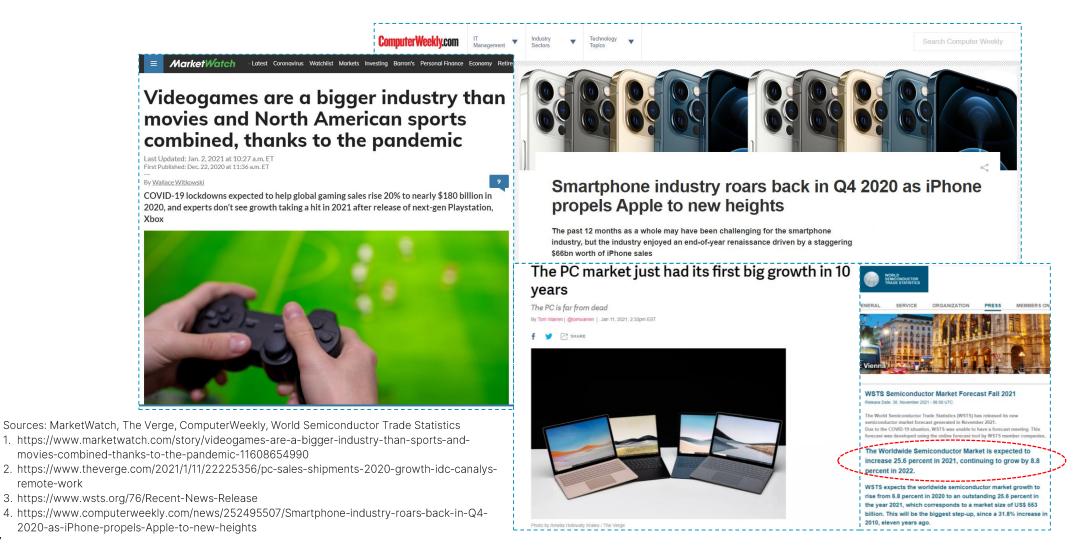
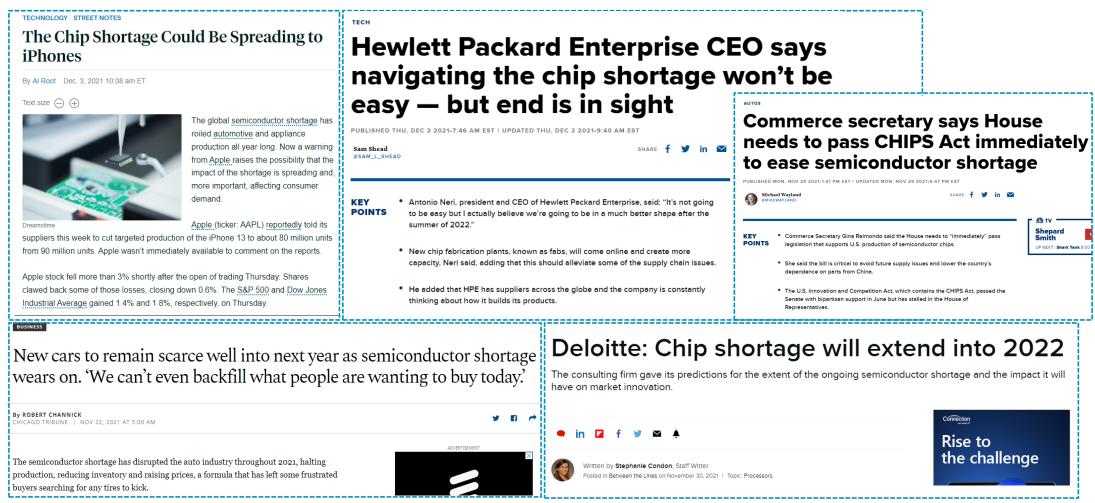


Acceleration in Demand Due to Covid-19

remote-work



Global Supply Shortages Due to Covid-19



Sources: Barron's, CNBC, Chicago Tribune, ZDNet.

1. https://www.barrons.com/articles/apple-stock-chip-shortage-iphones-51638543940 dealers-2. https://www.cnbc.com/2021/12/02/hpe-ceo-says-navigating-semiconductor-shortage-wont-be-easy.html 5. https://www.cnbc.com/2021/11/29/commerce-secretary-says-us-house-needs-to-pass-chips-act-immediately-to-ease-semiconductor-shortage.html

^{4.} https://www.chicagotribune.com/business/ct-biz-chip-shortage-new-cardealers-20211122-soyrg6qkyndprku6brghszz5wg-story.html

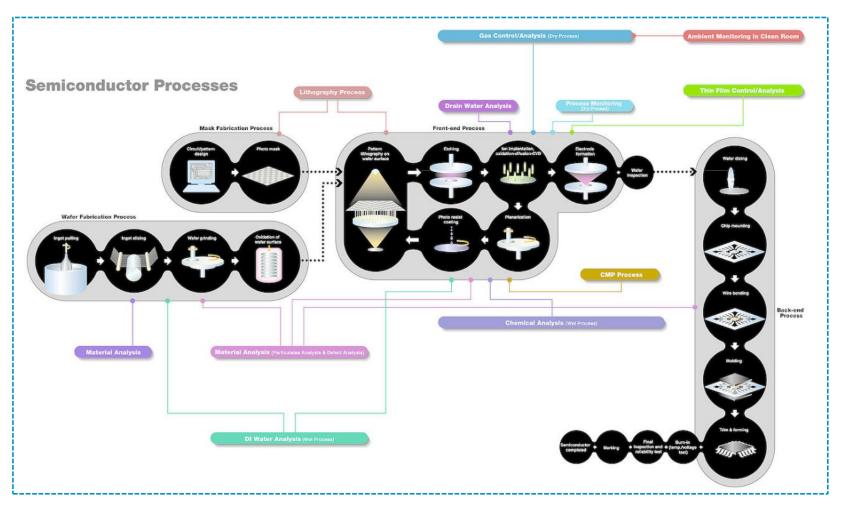
^{5.} https://www.zdnet.com/article/deloitte-chip-shortage-will-extend-into-2022/

Semiconductor Industry Overview



An Extremely Long, Capital-Intensive Process...

- Raw input pure single crystal silicon – must be sourced and molded into 300mm ingots, then mechanically sliced into thin, polished wafers
- Electronic circuits with transistors and wiring must be formed on the surface of the wafer, which requires a thin film layer to first be deposited, then coated with "photoresist"
- The circuit pattern is then "projected" onto the photoresist using photolithography technology
- This forms just one of many layers of circuits that must be formed on top of one another



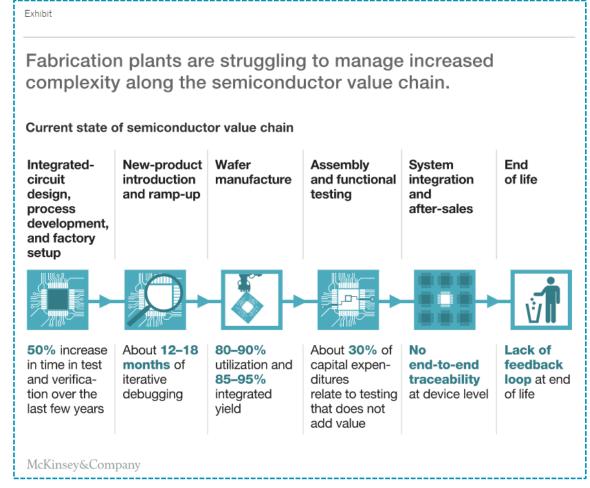


^{1.} https://www.hitachi-hightech.com/global/products/device/semiconductor/process.html

^{2.} https://www.horiba.com/aut/applications/information-technology/semiconductor-manufacturing-process/

...That Affords Very Little Room for Error

- New product introduction and ramp-up generally involves 12-18 months of debugging
- Test and verification time during the design process has increased by 50%
- Each fab has thousands of process steps, which, in turn, have thousands of parameters that can be used in different combinations
- Manufacturing process typically takes 6-8 weeks; more advanced, up to 15 weeks
- Individual chip details can be thousands of times smaller than a grain of sand
- Single chip can contain billions of transistors
- Measurement/inspection/testing processes occur hundreds of times for a typical chip
- Despite all this complexity, more than 1 trillion chips were manufactured in 2020



Semiconductors in 2022

7 Semiconductor Component Types:

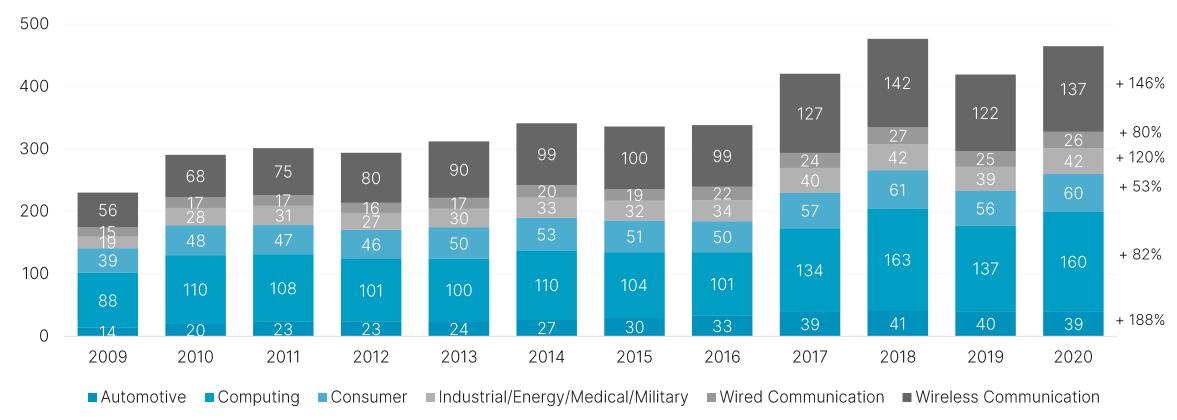
- Memory (largest share of industry, ~25%)
 - Cloud Computing/Virtual Reality
- Microcomponent (every electronic device)
- Logic
 - ASIC (application-specific integrated circuits) + ASSP (application-specific logic chips)
- Analog
 - Power Management/Signal Conversion/Autos
- Optoelectronic
 - Image Recognition/Internet of Things/Solid-State Lighting/Machine Vision/Smart-Grid Energy
- Sensor
 - Automated Controls / IoT Applications
- Discrete

Top Drivers / Sources of Growth:

- Automotive (Autonomous/EV/Hybrid): 11.9% CAGR
- Industrial (Security/Healthcare): 10.8% CAGR
- Communications (Smartphones, 5G, EM): 2.2% CAGR
- Consumer Electronics (TVs/Gaming/Handhelds): 6.0% CAGR
 - Wearables (21.0% CAGR)
- Data Processing (Servers/Storage Devices): 2.1%
- Internet of Things (IoT)
- Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning: ~50%
- LEDs

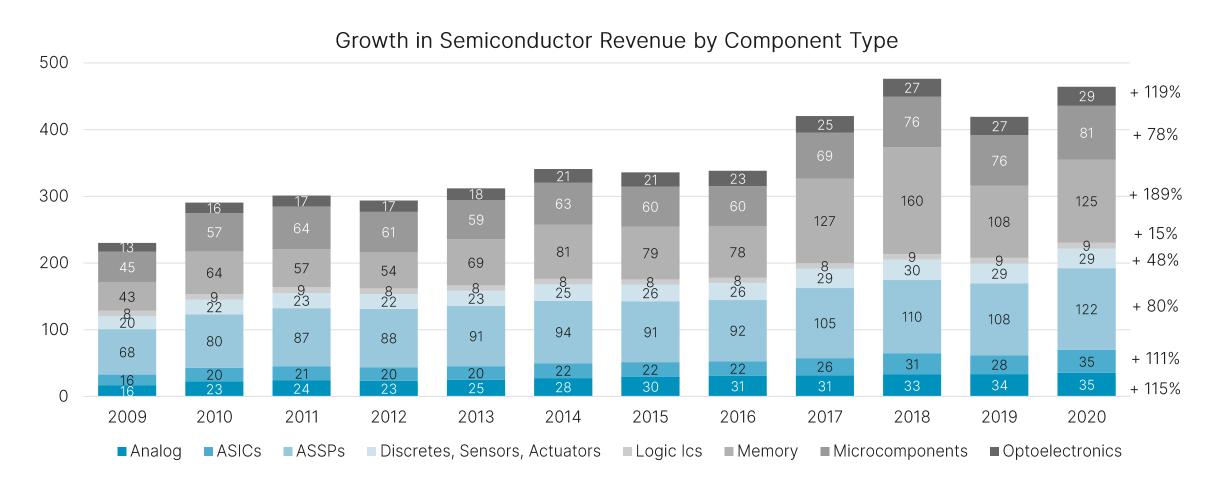
Semiconductor Revenues up 100% Since 2009





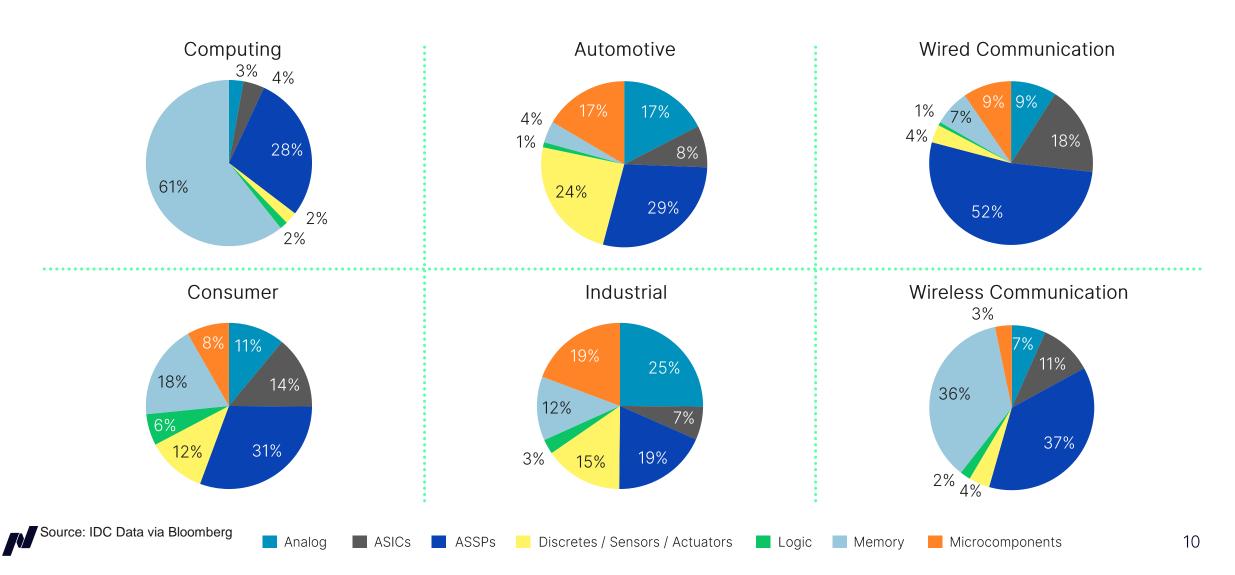


Semiconductor Revenues up 100% Since 2009

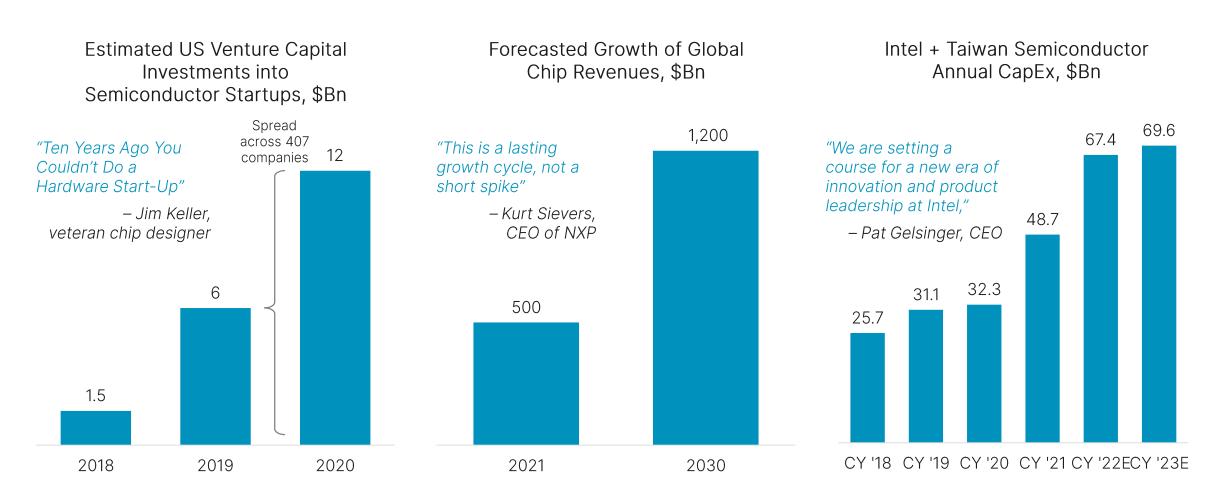




Revenue by Industry & Semiconductor Type

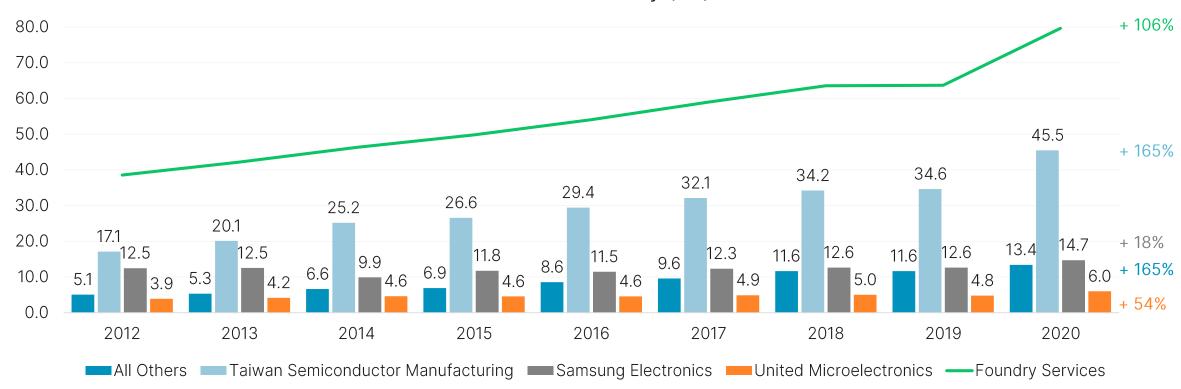


A New Era of Semiconductor Investment



TSMC Capturing Most Foundry Revenue Growth

Semiconductor Foundry Services Revenue Growth Since 2012, Top 3 Companies vs. Rest of Industry (\$B)



Nasdaq Global Semiconductor IndexTM

Nasdaq's Industry-Leading Benchmark

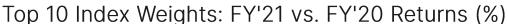


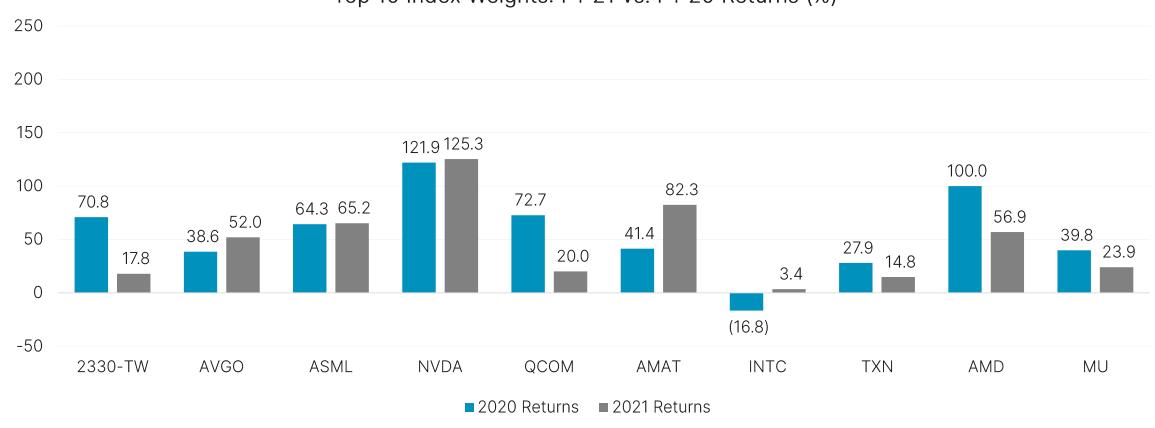
GSOXTM Index Composition

The Nasdaq Global Semiconductor Index is designed to track the performance of the 80 largest semiconductor companies globally. In order to qualify for inclusion, companies must be classified under the Semiconductors Subsector or Production Technology Equipment Subsector according to the Industry Classification Benchmark (ICB). Each constituent must have a market capitalization of at least \$150 million and a three-month average daily traded value of at least \$1 million. ESG screening criteria – as determined by Sustainalytics – are also applied.

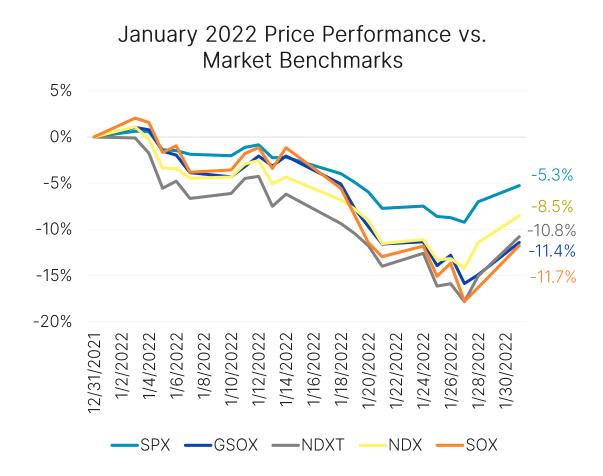


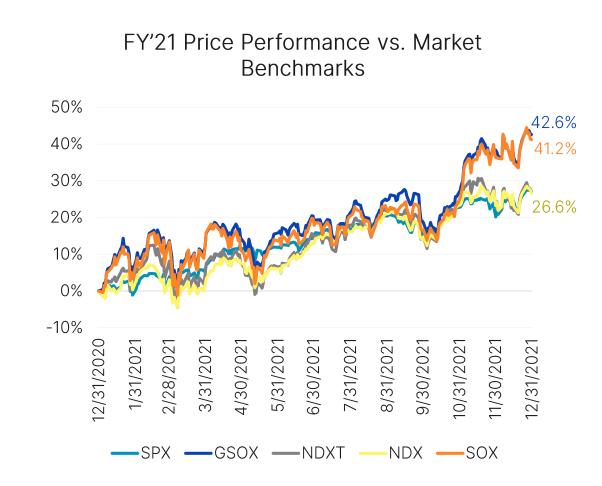
Top 10 Constituents: YoY Price Performance





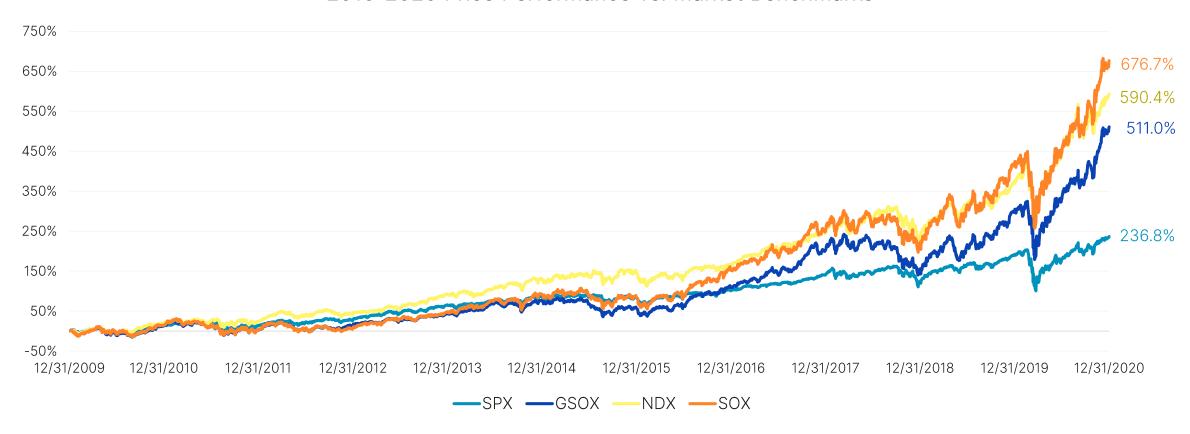
YTD 2022 vs. Full-Year 2021 Performance





Prior Decade of Outperformance

2010-2020 Price Performance vs. Market Benchmarks



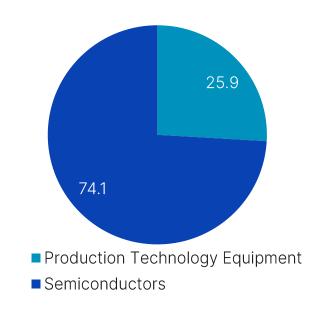
Market Cap/Subsector/Globality Profile

Index % Weight by Market Cap

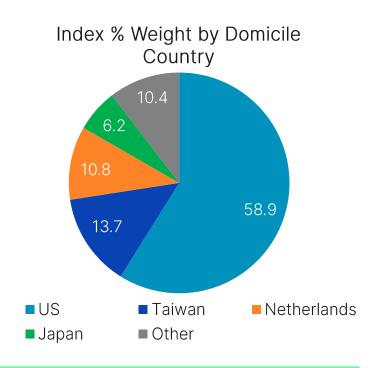


of \$100B+ Companies: 11 # of \$50-100B Companies: 8 # of <\$50B Companies: 60

Index % Weight by ICB Industry



of Semiconductors: 59
of Production Technology
Equipment: 20



of US-Domiciled: 39 # of International: 40



GSOX Company Case Studies

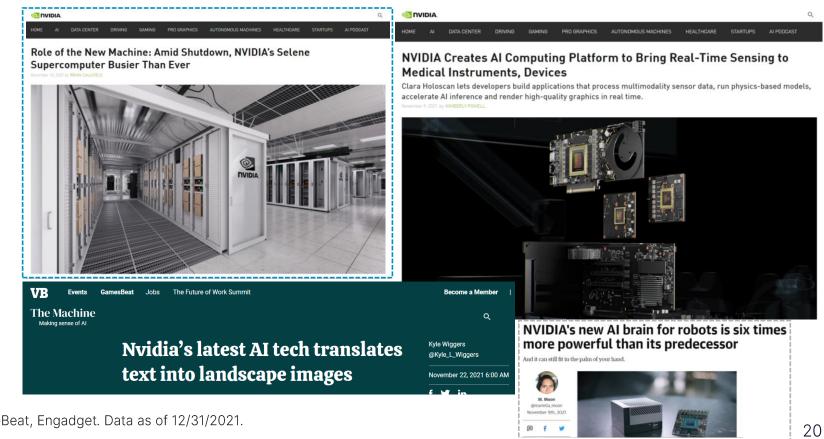


NVIDIA Corporation

GSOX Weight: 6.93%

NVIDIA is a leading semiconductor designer and manufacturer. It is best known for its computer graphics processors (GPUs) that have established it as a leader in the markets for gamers, designers, Al data scientists, big data researchers, and cloud-based visual computing users. It has also pioneered the development of "system on a chip" to drive supercomputing for autonomous robots, drones, and cars, as well as for consoles, mobile gaming, and other entertainment devices. NVIDIA also builds its own supercomputers for internal and external research.

- Founded in 1993 and headquartered in Santa Clara, California
- Current Market Cap: \$735B
- 5-Year Price Return: 1,002%
- FY'21 Revenue (est.): \$26.6B, up 284% vs.
 \$6.9B in FY'16 (31% CAGR)
- Q3'21 R&D Expense: \$1.4B (20% of Revenue)
- Q3'21 Gross Margin: 65.2%
- Q3'21 Free Cash Flow: \$1.3B
- Q3'21 Net Income: \$2.5B
- # of Employees: ~19,000
- Key Customers: Microsoft, Google, Amazon, Oracle, Cisco



ASML Holding NV

GSOX Weight: 7.86%

ASML is the world's leading photolithography equipment manufacturer and servicer. It pioneered the development of extreme ultraviolet lithography (EUV) in the 1990s, which enables the fabrication of the world's smallest and most powerful silicon wafers used in microprocessors. Along with Nikon and Canon, it is also a major supplier of older-generation, deep ultraviolet lithography (DUV) systems to the semiconductor foundry industry. Its machines can cost up to \$150MM each, and require over 4,000 different suppliers to assemble.

- Founded in 1984 and headquartered in Veldhoven, Netherlands
- Current Market Cap: \$327B
- 5-Year Price Return: 610%
- FY'21 Revenue (est.): \$21.8B, up 190% vs. \$7.5B in FY'16 (18% CAGR)
- Q3'21 R&D Expense: \$718MM (12% of Revenue)
- Q3'21 Gross Margin: 51.7%
- Q3'21 Free Cash Flow: \$1.9B
- Q3'21 Net Income: \$2.1B
- # of Employees: ~28,000
- Key Customers: Intel, Samsung, Taiwan Semiconductor



Using a wavelength of just 13.5 nm (almost x-ray range), ASML's extreme ultraviolet (EUV) lithography technology can do big things on a tiny scale. EUV drives Moore's Law forward and supports novel transistor designs and chip architectures.



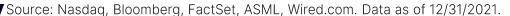
Mass producing leadingedge microchips



If you have a relatively new smartphone one of the latest garming consoles or a smart watch, it's likely you've benefited directly from EUV lithography technology.

Leading-edge microchips contain billions of transistors. With each new generation (often referred to as a 'node'), chipmakers pack in ever more and tinier transistors to make the chips more powerful, faster and energy efficient.

Using a wavelength of 13.5 nm, our EUV systems pattern the finest lines on microchips. They are used in high-volume manufacturing to create the highly complex foundation layers of the most advanced microchips (7.5 and 3 nm nodes).



STMicroelectronics NV

GSOX Weight: 1.47%

STMicroelectronics (STM) is a leading semiconductor manufacturer. In the 1990s, STM pioneered the development of silicon carbide (SiC), a wide bandgap (WBG) semiconductor material with superior energy conversion properties vs. regular silicon. SiC is forecast to penetrate 70% of the electric vehicle market by 2030, and will more broadly transform the markets for energy storage. STM operates through 3 main business segments: Automotive & Discrete (32% of revenue), Analog, MEMS & Sensors (38%), and Microcontrollers & Digital Integrated Circuits (30%).

- Founded in 1987 and headquartered in Geneva, Switzerland
- Current Market Cap: \$45B
- 5-Year Price Return: 331%
- FY'21 Revenue (est.): \$12.6B, up 47% vs.
 \$7.0B in FY'16 (8.2% CAGR)
- Q3'21 R&D Expense: \$433MM (14% of Revenue)
- Q3'21 Gross Margin: 41.6%
- Q3'21 Free Cash Flow: \$420MM
- Q3'21 Net Income: \$474MM
- # of Employees: ~46,000
- Key Customers: Apple, Tesla, Huawei, Samsung, HP



Infineon Technologies AG

GSOX Weight: 1.98%

Infineon (IFX) is a leading German semiconductor manufacturer, spun off from former parent company Siemens AG. Infineon operates through 4 main business segments: Automotive (41% of revenue), Power Management & Multimarket (31%), Industrial Power Control (16%), and Connected Secure Systems (11%). Following the largest acquisition in its history (Cypress, April 2020), Infineon is now the eighth largest semiconductor company in the world. With its core competence of power semiconductors, Infineon is also a major player in SiC technology.

- Founded in 1999 and headquartered in Neuberg, Germany
- Current Market Cap: \$60B
- 5-Year Price Return: 166%
- FY'21 Revenue (est.): \$13.2B, up 77% vs.
 \$7.2B in FY'16 (8% CAGR)
- Q3'21 R&D Expense: \$399MM (13% of Revenue)
- Q3'21 Gross Margin: 39.1%
- Q3'21 Free Cash Flow: \$642MM
- Q3'21 Net Income: \$295MM
- # of Employees: ~47,000



From their 2020 Annual Report:

- "Infineon supplies all major manufacturers of wind power turbines and [photovoltaic] inverters."
- "Infineon provides the essential power components and subsystems for efficient energy storage."
- "In the long term, green hydrogen has the potential to become a key growth driver for Infineon."
- "Our semiconductor solutions drive the [Internet of Things]."

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